FAFSA **FREE** APPLICATION for FEDERAL STUDENT AID

Use this form to apply free for federal and state student grants, work-study and loans.

Or apply free online at www.fafsa.gov.

Applying by the Deadlines

For federal aid, submit your application as early as possible, but no earlier than January 1, 2014. We must receive your application no later than June 30, 2015. Your college must have your correct, complete information by your last day of enrollment in the 2014-2015 school year.

For state or college aid, the deadline may be as early as January 2014. See the table to the right for state deadlines. You may also need to complete additional forms.

Check with your high school guidance counselor or a financial aid administrator at your college about state and college sources of student aid and deadlines.

If you are filing close to one of these deadlines, we recommend you file online at www.fafsa.gov. This is the fastest and easiest way to apply for aid.

Using Your Tax Return

We recommend that you complete and submit your FAFSA as soon as possible on or after January 1, 2014. If you (or your parents) need to file a 2013 income tax return with the Internal Revenue Service (IRS), and have not done so yet, you can submit your FAFSA now using estimated tax information, and then you *must correct* that information after you file your return.

The easiest way to complete or correct your FAFSA with accurate tax information is by using the IRS Data Retrieval Tool through www.fafsa.gov. In a few simple steps, most students and parents who filed a 2013 tax return can view and transfer their tax return information directly into their FAFSA.

Note: Both parents or both the student and spouse may need to report income information on the FAFSA if they did not file a joint tax return for 2013. For assistance with answering the income information questions in this situation, call 1-800-4-FED-AID.

Filling Out the FAFSA^{**}

If you or your family experienced significant changes to your financial situation (such as loss of employment), complete this form to the extent you can and submit it as instructed. Consult with the financial aid office at the college(s) you applied to or plan to attend.

For help in filling out the FAFSA, go to www.studentaid.gov/completefafsa or call 1-800-4-FED-AID (1-800-433-3243). TTY users (for the hearing impaired) may call 1-800-730-8913.

Fill the answer fields directly on your screen or print the form and complete it by hand. Your answers will be read electronically; therefore if you complete the form by hand:

use black ink and fill in circles completely:			Correct Incorrect V							
 print clearly in CAPITAL letters and skip a box between words: 	1	5		Ε	L	М		S	Т	
• report dollar amounts (such as \$12,356.41) like this:		\$		1	2	3	5	6	no	cents

Blue is for student information and purple is for parent information.

Mailing Your FAFSA^{**}

After you complete this application, make a copy of pages 3 through 8 for your records. Then mail the original of pages 3 through 8 to:

Federal Student Aid Programs, P.O. Box 4692, Mt. Vernon, IL 62864-4692.

After your application is processed, you will receive a summary of your information in your Student Aid Report (SAR). If you provide an e-mail address, your SAR will be sent by e-mail within three to five days. If you do not provide an e-mail address, your SAR will be mailed to you within three weeks. If you would like to check the status of your FAFSA, go to www.fafsa.gov or call 1-800-4-FED-AID.

Let's Get Started!

Now go to page 3 of the application form and begin filling it out. Refer to the notes as instructed.

Federal Student Aid PROUD SPONSOR of the AMERICAN MIND®

APPLICATION DEADLINES

July 1, 2014 - June 30, 2015

Federal Aid Deadline - June 30, 2015 State Aid Deadlines - See below.

Check with your financial aid administrator for these states and territories:

AL, AS *, AZ, CO, FM *, GA, GU *, HI *, MH *, MP *, NE, NM, NV *, PR, PW *, SD *, TX, UT, VA *, VI *, WI and WY *.

Pay attention to the symbols that may be listed after your state deadline.

- AK AK Education Grant and AK Performance Scholarship -June 30, 2014
- Academic Challenge June 1, 2014 (date received) AR Workforce Grant - Contact the financial aid office. Higher Education Opportunity Grant - June 1, 2014 (date received)
- CA Initial awards - March 2, 2014 + * Additional community college awards - September 2, 2014 (date postmarked) + ⁺
- February 15, 2014 (*date received*) # * April 1, 2014 (*date received*) * For priority consideration, CT DC
- submit application by April 30, 2014. For DCTAG, complete the DC OneApp and submit additional supporting documents on or before April 30, 2014.
- April 15, 2014 (date received) DE
- FL May 15, 2014 (date processed)
- July 1, 2014 (*date received*); earlier priority deadlines may exist for certain programs. * IA
- Opportunity Grant March 1, 2014 (date received) # * ID
- As soon as possible after January 1, 2014. Awards made until IL funds are depleted.
- IN March 10, 2014 (date received)
- KS KY April 1, 2014 (date received) # As soon as possible after January 1, 2014. Awards made until funds are depleted.
- LA June 30, 2015 (July 1, 2014 recommended)
- MA May 1, 2014 (date received) #
- MD March 1, 2014 (date received)
- ME May 1, 2014 (date received) MI
- March 1, 2014 (date received) MN 30 days after term starts (*date received*)
- MO April 1, 2014 (date received)
- MS MTAG and MESG Grants - September 15, 2014 (date received) HELP Scholarship - March 31, 2014 (date received)
- MT March 1, 2014 (date received) #
- As soon as possible after January 1, 2014. Awards made until NC funds are depleted. ND April 15, 2014 (date received) # Early priority deadlines may
- exist for institutional programs.
- NH NH is not offering a state grant this year. NI 2013-2014 Tuition Aid Grant recipients - June 1, 2014 (date received)
 - - All other applicants October 1, 2014, fall & spring terms (date received)
 - March 1, 2015, spring term only (date received)
- June 30, 2015 (date received) * NY
- OH October 1, 2014 (date received)
- OK March 1, 2014 (date received) #
- OR
- OSAC Private Scholarships March 1, 2014 Oregon Opportunity Grant February 1, 2014 All first-time applicants at a community college; a business/ PA trade/technical school; a hospital school of nursing; or enrolled in a non-transferable two-year program August 1, 2014 (date received)
- All other applicants May 1, 2014 (*date received*) March 1, 2014 (*date received*) # RI
- SC Tuition Grants - June 30, 2014 (date received) SC Commission on Higher Education Need-based Grants - As soon as possible after January 1, 2014. Awards made until funds are depleted.
- State Grant Prior-year recipients receive award if eligible and apply by March 1, 2014. All other awards made to neediest applicants who apply by March 1, 2014, until funds are ΤN depleted.
- State Lottery fall term, September 1, 2014 (date received); spring & summer terms, February 1, 2015 (date received) VТ
- As soon as possible after January 1, 2014. Awards made until funds are depleted.
- WA As soon as possible after January 1, 2014. Awards made until funds are depleted. W/V
- PROMISE Scholarship March 1, 2014. New applicants must also submit additional application at www.cfwv.com. Contact your financial aid administrator or your state agency. WV Higher Education Grant Program - April 15, 2014
- # For priority consideration, submit application by date specified.
- Applicants encouraged to obtain proof of mailing.
 * Additional form may be required.

STATE AID DEADLINES

Notes for question 8 (page 3)

Enter your Social Security Number (SSN). If you are a resident of the Freely Associated States (i.e., the Republic of Palau, the Republic of the Marshall Islands, or the Federated States of Micronesia) and were issued an identification number beginning with "666" when submitting a FAFSA previously, enter that number here. If you are a first-time applicant from the Freely Associated States, enter "666" in the first three boxes of the SSN field and leave the remaining six positions blank and we will create an identification number to be used for federal student aid purposes.

Notes for questions 14 and 15 (page 3)

If you are an eligible noncitizen, write in your eight- or nine-digit Alien Registration Number. Generally, you are an eligible noncitizen if you are (1) a permanent U.S. resident with a Permanent Resident Card (I-551); (2) a conditional permanent resident with a Conditional Green Card (I-551C); (3) the holder of an Arrival-Departure Record (I-94) from the Department of Homeland Security showing any one of the following designations: "Refugee," "Asylum Granted," "Parolee" (I-94 confirms that you were paroled for a minimum of one year and status has not expired), T-Visa holder (T-1, T-2, T-3, etc.) or "Cuban-Haitian Entrant;" or (4) the holder of a valid certification or eligibility letter from the Department of Health and Human Services showing a designation of "Victim of human trafficking."

If you are in the U.S. on an F1 or F2 student visa, a J1 or J2 exchange visitor visa, or a G series visa (pertaining to international organizations), select "No, I am not a citizen or eligible noncitizen." You will not be eligible for federal student aid. If you have a Social Security Number but are not a citizen or an eligible noncitizen, you should still complete the FAFSA because you may be eligible for state or college aid.

Notes for questions 16 and 17 (page 3)

Report your marital status as of the date you sign your FAFSA. If your marital status changes after you sign your FAFSA, check with the **financial aid office at the college**. Consistent with the Supreme Court decision holding Section 3 of the Defense of Marriage Act (DOMA) unconstitutional, same-sex couples must report their marital status as married if they were legally married in a state or other jurisdiction (foreign country) that permits same-sex marriage, without regard to where the couple resides.

Notes for question 22 (page 3)

The Selective Service System, and the registration requirement for young men, preserves America's ability to provide manpower in an emergency to the U.S. Armed Forces (Army, Navy, Air Force, Marines or Coast Guard). Almost all men—ages 18 through 25—must register. For more information about Selective Service, visit **www.sss.gov**.

Notes for questions 33 (page 4)

and 81 (page 6)

If you filed or will file a foreign tax return, a tax return with Puerto Rico, another U.S. territory (e.g., Guam, American Samoa, the U.S. Virgin Islands, Swain's Island or the Northern Marianas Islands) or one of the Freely Associated States, use the information from that return to fill out this form. If you filed a foreign return, convert all monetary units to U.S. dollars, using the exchange rate that is in effect today. To view the daily exchange rate, go to www.federalreserve.gov/releases/h10/current.

Notes for questions 35 (page 4)

and 83 (page 6)

In general, a person is eligible to file a 1040A or 1040EZ if he or she makes less than \$100,000, does not itemize deductions, does not receive income from his or her own business or farm and does not receive alimony. A person is not eligible to file a 1040A or 1040EZ if he or she makes \$100,000 or more, itemizes deductions, receives income from his or her own business or farm, is self-employed, receives alimony or is required to file Schedule D for capital gains. If you filed a 1040 only to claim the American Opportunity Tax Credit or Lifetime Learning Tax Credit, and you would have otherwise been eligible to file a 1040A or 1040EZ, answer "**Yes**" to this question. If you filed a 1040 and were not required to file a tax return, answer "**Yes**" to this question.

Notes for questions 38 (page 4)

and 87 (page 7) — Notes for those who filed a 1040EZ

On the 1040EZ, if a person didn't check either box on line 5, enter 01 if he or she is single or has never been married, or 02 if he or she is married. If a person checked either the "you" or "spouse" box on line 5, use 1040EZ worksheet line F to determine the number of exemptions (\$3,800 equals one exemption).

Notes for questions 42 and 43 (page 4), 45j (page 5),

and 91 and 92 (page 7)

Net worth means current value minus debt. If net worth is negative, enter 0.

Investments include real estate (do not include the home in which you live), rental property (includes a unit within a family home that has its own entrance, kitchen, and bath rented to someone other than a family member), trust funds, UGMA and UTMA accounts, money market funds, mutual funds, certificates of deposit, stocks, stock options, bonds, other securities, installment and land sale contracts (including mortgages held), commodities, etc.

Investments also include qualified educational benefits or education savings accounts (e.g., Coverdell savings accounts, 529 college savings plans and the refund value of 529 prepaid tuition plans). For a student who does not report parental information, the accounts owned by the student (and/or the student's spouse) are reported as student investments in question 42. For a student who must report parental information, the accounts are reported as parental investments in question 91, including all accounts owned by the student and all accounts owned by the parents for any member of the household.

Money received, or paid on your behalf, also includes distributions to you (the student beneficiary) from a 529 plan that is owned by someone other than you or your parents (such as your grandparents, aunts, and uncles). You must include these distribution amounts in question 45j.

Investments do not include the home you live in, the value of life insurance, retirement plans (401[k] plans, pension funds, annuities, non-education IRAs, Keogh plans, etc.) or cash, savings and checking accounts already reported in questions 41 and 90.

Investments also do not include UGMA and UTMA accounts for which you are the custodian, but not the owner.

Investment value means the current balance or market value of these investments as of today. Investment debt means only those debts that are related to the investments.

Business and/or investment farm value includes the market value of land, buildings, machinery, equipment, inventory, etc. Business and/or investment farm debt means only those debts for which the business or investment farm was used as collateral.

Business value does not include the value of a small business if your family owns and controls more than 50 percent of the business and the business has 100 or fewer full-time or full-time equivalent employees. For small business value, your family includes (1) persons directly related to you, such as a parent, sister or cousin, or (2) persons who are or were related to you by marriage, such as a spouse, stepparent or sister-in-law.

Investment farm value does not include the value of a family farm that you (your spouse and/or your parents) live on and operate.

Notes for question 49 (page 5)

Answer "**Yes**" if you are currently serving in the U.S. Armed Forces or are a National Guard or Reserves enlistee who is on active duty for other than state or training purposes.

Answer "No" if you are a National Guard or Reserves enlistee who is on active duty for state or training purposes.

Notes for question 50 (page 5)

Answer "**Yes**" (you are a veteran) if you (1) have engaged in active duty (including basic training) in the U.S. Armed Forces, or are a National Guard or Reserves enlistee who was called to active duty for other than state or training purposes, or were a cadet or midshipman at one of the service academies, **and** (2) were released under a condition other than dishonorable. Also answer "**Yes**" if you are not a veteran now but will be one by June 30, 2015.

Answer "**No**" (you are not a veteran) if you (1) have never engaged in active duty (including basic training) in the U.S. Armed Forces, (2) are currently an ROTC student or a cadet or midshipman at a service academy, (3) are a National Guard or Reserves enlistee activated only for state or training purposes, or (4) were engaged in active duty in the U.S. Armed Forces but released under dishonorable conditions.

Also answer "**No**" if you are currently serving in the U.S. Armed Forces and will continue to serve through June 30, 2015.

July 1, 2014 – June 30, 2015 FAFSA Federal Student Aid FREE APPLICATION for FEDERAL STUDENT AID Step One (Student): For questions 1-31, leave blank any questions that do not apply to you (the student).

	1 ,	<i>2</i> 1		,	
Your full name (exactly as it appear s	s on your Social Security card	I) If your name has a suffix	, such as Jr. or III, include a space	e between your last name and suffix.	
1. Last name		2. First name		3. Middle initial	
Your mailing address					
4. Number and street (include apt. number)					
5. City (and country if not U.S.)		6.9	State 7.	ZIP code	
8. Your Social Security Number See	Notes page 2. 9. Your date	MONTH DAY	YEAR 10. Your perma	nent telephone number	
	of birth])	
Your driver's license number and driv	/er's license state (if you have o	one)			
11. Driver's license number			12. Driver's license state		
 Your e-mail address. If you provide notified by e-mail. Your e-mail addres have an e-mail address, leave this field 	ss will also be shared with your stat			FAFSA has been processed, you will be o communicate with you. If you do not	
		@			
14. Are you a U.S. Yes, I am a U.S. c	titizen (U.S. national). Skip to ques t	tion 16 0 1	15. Alien Registration Num	ıber	
citizen? Mark only one. No, but I am an o	eligible noncitizen. Fill in question	n 15 O ²	A		
16. What is your marital status as of today? See Notes page 2.		r widowed 🔘 4	Month and year you were married, remarried, separate divorced or widowed. See Notes page 2.	ed,	
18. What is your STATE state of legal residence?	19. Did you become a legal resident of this state before January 1, 2009?	res O	If the answer to question " "No," give month and year became a legal resident.		
21. Are you male or female? Male Female O	Service to receive f		e students must register with ale, age 18-25 and not registe tes page 2 .		
23. Have you been convicted for the possession or sale of illegal drugs for an offense that occurred while you were receiving federal student aid (such as grants, loans or work-study)? No (1) Answer "No" if you have never received federal student aid or if you have never had a drug conviction for an offense that occurred while receiving federal student aid. If you have a drug conviction for an offense that occurred while you were receiving federal student aid, answer "Yes," but complete and submit this application, and we will mail you a worksheet to help you determine if your conviction affects your eligibility for aid. If you are unsure how to answer this question, call 1-800-433-3243 for help.					
Some states and colleges offer aid based on the level of schooling your parents completed.					
24. Highest school completed by Pare		-		nd 🔿 3 Other/unknown 🔿 4	
25. Highest school completed by Pare	ent 2 Middle school/	/Jr. high 🔘 1 High sc	hool 🔿 2 College or beyo	nd 🔿 3 Other/unknown 🔿 4	
26. When you begin college in the 20	14-2015 school year, what will	be your high school co	mpletion status?		
High school diploma. Answer question	on 27		O 1 Homeschooled. SI	kip to question 28 🔿 3	
General Educational Development (G	ED) cortificato or stato oquivalent t	est Skin to question 28	2 None of the above	$\mathbf{Skin} \text{ to question 28} \qquad \bigcirc 4$	

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OMB # 1845-0001

	Step One CONTINUED from page 3					
27. What is the name of the high school where you received or will receive your high school diploma? Enter the complete high school name, and the city and state where the high school is located.	28. Will you have your first bachelor's degree before July 1, 2014?					
High School Name STATE High School City Image: Comparison of the second	Yes () 1 No () 2					
29. When you begin the 2014-2015 school year, what will be your grade level? 30. When you begin the 2014 you be working on?	4-2015 school year, what degree or certificate will					
Attended college before and 1st year undergraduate 1 2nd bachelor's degree 2nd year undergraduate/sophomore 2 Associate degree (occupation Associate degree (general edges)) 3rd year undergraduate/junior 3 Certificate or diploma (occup of less than two years)) 4th year undergraduate/senior 4 Certificate or diploma (occup of two or more years) 5th year/other undergraduate. 5 Teaching credential (nondegee Graduate or professional degee)	1 2 nal or technical program) 3 ducation or transfer program) 4 bational, technical or education program 5 bational, technical or education program 6 gree program) 7 gree 8 9					
31. Are you interested in being considered for work-study?	Yes () ¹ No () ² Don't know () ³					
Step Two (Student): Answer questions 32–58 about yourself (the student). If you wor widowed, answer only about yourself. If you are married or about your spouse (husband or wife).	vere never married or are separated, divorced					
 32. For 2013, have you (the student) completed your IRS income tax return or another tax return listed in question 33? I have already completed my return	status according to your tax return? 1 Single 1 Head of household 4 Married—filed joint return 2 Married—filed separate return 3 Qualifying widow(er) 5					
35. If you have filed or will file a 1040, were you eligible to file a 1040A or 1040EZ? See Notes page 2.	Yes \bigcirc ¹ No \bigcirc ² Don't know \bigcirc ³					
For questions 36–45, if the answer is zero or the question does not apply to you, enter 0. Report wh	nole dollar amounts with no cents					
 36. What was your (and spouse's) adjusted gross income for 2013? Adjusted gross income is on IRS Form 1040—line 37; \$ 37. Enter your (and spouse's) income tax for 2013. Income tax amount is on IRS Form 1040—line 55; 1040A—line 35; or \$ 						
 Enter your (and spouse's) exemptions for 2013. Exemptions are on IRS Form 1040—line 6d or For For Form 1040EZ, see Notes page 2. 						
Questions 39 and 40 ask about earnings (wages, salaries, tips, etc.) in 2013. Answer the questions whether or not a tax return was filed. This information may be on the W-2 forms, or on IRS Form 1040—lines 7 + 12 + 18 + Box 14 (Code A) of IRS Schedule K-1 (Form 1065); on 1040A—line 7; or on 1040EZ—line 1. If any individual earning item is negative, do not include that item in your calculation. 39. How much did you earn from working in 2013? \$						
40. How much did your spouse earn from working in 2013?	\$					
 41. As of today, what is your (and spouse's) total current balance of cash, savings and checking accostudent financial aid. 42. As of today, what is the net worth of your (and spouse's) investments, including real estate? Don't in live in. Net worth means current value minus debt. See Notes page 2. 43. As of today, what is the net worth of your (and spouse's) current businesses and/or investment family farm or family business with 100 or fewer full-time or full-time equivalent employees. See Note 	s clude the home you s ms? Don't include a s					

Step Two CONTINUED from page 4

44. Student's 2013 Additional Financial Information (Enter the combined amounts for you and your spouse.) a. Education credits (American Opportunity Tax Credit and Lifetime Learning Tax Credit) from IRS Form 1040—line 49 or 1040A—line 31.	\$			
b. Child support paid because of divorce or separation or as a result of a legal requirement. Don't include support for children in your household, as reported in question 95.	\$		<u> </u>	
c. Taxable earnings from need-based employment programs, such as Federal Work-Study and need-based employment portions of fellowships and assistantships.	\$			
d. Taxable student grant and scholarship aid reported to the IRS in your adjusted gross income . Includes AmeriCorps benefits (awards, living allowances and interest accrual payments), as well as grant and scholarship portions of fellowships and assistantships.	\$,	Щ		
e. Combat pay or special combat pay. Only enter the amount that was taxable and included in your adjusted gross income. Don't include untaxed combat pay.	\$	Щ	\downarrow	Ц
f. Earnings from work under a cooperative education program offered by a college.	\$,			
AE Churden Ma 2012 Historica di scores (Esta di score di				
45. Student's 2013 Untaxed Income (Enter the combined amounts for you and your spouse.) a. Payments to tax-deferred pension and retirement savings plans (paid directly or withheld from earnings), including, but not limited to, amounts reported on the W-2 forms in Boxes 12a through 12d, codes D, E, F, G, H and S. Don't include amounts reported in code DD (employer contributions toward employee health benefits).	\$			
 b. IRA deductions and payments to self-employed SEP, SIMPLE, Keogh and other qualified plans from IRS Form 1040—line 28 + line 32 or 1040A—line 17. 	\$,	Щ	\downarrow	
c. Child support received for any of your children. Don't include foster care or adoption payments.	\$	Щ		
d. Tax exempt interest income from IRS Form 1040—line 8b or 1040A—line 8b.	\$	Щ		
e. Untaxed portions of IRA distributions from IRS Form 1040—lines (15a minus 15b) or 1040A—lines (11a minus 11b). Exclude rollovers. If negative, enter a zero here.	\$	Щ		
f. Untaxed portions of pensions from IRS Form 1040—lines (16a minus 16b) or 1040A—lines (12a minus 12b). Exclude rollovers. If negative, enter a zero here.	тЦ,			
g. Housing, food and other living allowances paid to members of the military, clergy and others (including cash payments and cash value of benefits). Don't include the value of on-base military housing or the value of a basic military allowance for housing.	\$,			
h. Veterans noneducation benefits, such as Disability, Death Pension, or Dependency & Indemnity Compensation (DIC) and/or VA Educational Work-Study allowances.	\$			
i. Other untaxed income not reported in items 45a through 45h, such as workers' compensation, disability, etc. Also include the untaxed portions of health savings accounts from IRS Form 1040—line 25. Don't include extended foster care benefits, student aid, earned income credit, additional child tax credit, welfare payments, untaxed Social Security benefits, Supplemental Security Income, Workforce Investment Act educational benefits, on-base military housing or a military housing allowance, combat pay, benefits from flexible spending arrangements (e.g., cafeteria plans), foreign income exclusion or credit for federal tax on special fuels.				Ħ
j. Money received, or paid on your behalf (e.g., bills), not reported elsewhere on this form. This includes money that you received from a parent whose financial information is not reported on this form and that is not part of a legal child support agreement. See Notes page 2 .	Ľ,			
Step Three (Student): Answer the questions in this step to determine if you will need to provide pa you answer "Yes" to any of the questions in this step, skip Step Four and go to	rental Step l	inform Five on	nation. page 8	Once
46. Were you born before January 1, 1991?	Yes	0 1	No	O 2
 47. As of today, are you married? (Also answer "Yes" if you are separated but not divorced.)	Yes		No	$\bigcirc 2$
MBA, MD, JD, PhD, EdD, graduate certificate, etc.)?	Yes Yes	$\bigcirc 1$ $\bigcirc 1$	No No	$\bigcirc 2$
50. Are you a veteran of the U.S. Armed Forces? See Notes page 2.	Yes	\bigcirc 1		$\bigcirc 2$
51. Do you now have or will you have children who will receive more than half of their support from you between July 1, 2014 and June 30, 2015?.		0 1		Q 2
52. Do you have dependents (other than your children or spouse) who live with you and who receive more than half of their support from you, now and through June 30, 2015?	Yes	0 1	No	2
53. At any time since you turned age 13, were both your parents deceased, were you in foster care or were you a dependent or ward of the court? See Notes page 9 .	Yes	0 1	No	O 2
54. As determined by a court in your state of legal residence, are you or were you an emancipated minor? See Notes page 9	Yes	$\bigcirc 1$	No	() 2
55. As determined by a court in your state of legal residence, are you or were you in legal guardianship? See Notes page 9	Yes	0 1	No	O 2
56. At any time on or after July 1, 2013, did your high school or school district homeless liaison determine that you were an unaccompanied youth who was homeless or were self-supporting and at risk of being homeless? See Notes page 9	Yes	0 1	No	2
 57. At any time on or after July 1, 2013, did the director of an emergency shelter or transitional housing program funded by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development determine that you were an unaccompanied youth who was homeless or were self-supporting and at risk of being homeless? See Notes page 9. 58. At any time on or after July 1, 2013, did the director of a runnum or homeless youth basis contra or transitional living. 	Yes	0 1	No	2
58. At any time on or after July 1, 2013, did the director of a runaway or homeless youth basic center or transitional living program determine that you were an unaccompanied youth who was homeless or were self-supporting and at risk of being homeless? See Notes page 9.		1	No	O 2

If you (the student) answered "No" to every question in Step Three, go to Step Four. If you answered "Yes" to any question in Step Three, skip Step Four and go to Step Five on page 8. (Health professions students: Your college may require you to complete Step Four even if you answered "Yes" to any Step Three question.) If you believe that you are unable to provide parental information, see Notes page 9.

			5		
Step Four (Parent): Complete this step if you (the student) answered "No" to all questions in Step Three. Answer all the questions in Step Four even if you do not live with your legal parents (your biological and/or adoptive parents). Grandparents, foster parents, legal guardians, aunts and uncles are not considered parents on this form unless they have legally adopted you. If your legal parents are married to each other or are not married to each other and live together , answer the questions about both of them. If your parent was never married or is remarried, divorced, separated or widowed, see Notes page 9 for					
additional instructions.					
59. As of today, what is the marital status of your legal p		60. Month and year	MONTH YEAR		
Never married 2 Married or re	ě	they were married, remarried, separated,			
Unmarried and both parents living Divorced or together	separated	divorced or widowed.			
What are the Social Security Numbers, names and dat If your parent does not have a Social Security Number, you mu suffix. Enter two digits for each day and month (e.g., for May 3	ist enter 000-00-0000. If the name in				
Questions 61-64 are for Parent 1 (father/mother/stepparent)		(2)	C A		
61. SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER 62. LAST N	IAME, AND	63. FIRST INITIA	L 64. DATE OF BIRTH		
Questions 65-68 are for Parent 2 (father/mother/stepparent) 65. SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER 66. LAST N	IAME, AND	67. FIRST INITIA	L 68. DATE OF BIRTH		
			19		
	.,				
69. Your parents' e-mail address. If you provide you also be shared with your state and the colleges listed on y					
	@				
70. What is your STATE 71. Did your parents b	percome O 72 If th	e answer to question 71 is "No,"	aive the MONTH YEAR		
parents' state of legal residence?	this state mor	onth and year legal residency beg ont who has lived in the state the	an for the		
 73. How many people are in your parents' household? Include: yourself, even if you don't live with your parents, your parents, your parents, other children if (a) your parents will provide more than half of their support between July 1, 2014 and June 30, 2015, or (b) the children could answer "No" to every question in Step Three on page 5 of this form, and other people if they now live with your parents, your parents provide more than half of their support and your parents will continue to provide more than half of their support between July 1, 2014 and June 30, 2015. 					
74. How many people in your parents' household (from Always count yourself as a college student. Do not includ 2014-2015, a program that leads to a college degree or ce	le your parents. You may include oth				
In 2012 or 2013, did you, your parents or anyone in your parents' household (from question 73) receive benefits from any of the federal programs listed? Mark all that apply. Answering these questions will not reduce eligibility for student aid or these programs. TANF may have a different name in your parents' state. Call 1-800-4-FED-AID to find out the name of the state's program.					
75. Supplemental Security Income (SSI) 76. Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP)	<u> </u>	leedy Families O Pr	ecial Supplemental Nutrition ogram for Women, Infants, O nd Children (WIC)		
If your answer to question 59 was "Unmarried and both parents living together," contact 1-800-4-FED-AID for assistance with answering questions 80-94.					
80. For 2013, have your parents completed their IRS income tax return or another tax return listed in question 81?	81. What income tax return die parents file or will they file	for 2013? filing s	3, what is or will be your parents' tax tatus according to their tax return?		
	IRS 1040				
My parents have already completed their return	IRS 1040A or 1040EZ	Married	nousehold 4 –filed joint return 2		
My parents will file but have not yet completed their return	A foreign tax return. See Notes	Married-	–filed separate return \bigcirc ³		
My parents are not going to file. Skip to question 88	A tax return with Puerto Rico, a territory or Freely Associated St See Notes page 2 .	nother U.S. Qualifyin	g widow(er) 5 5 5 5		
83. If your parents have filed or will file a 1040,	Yes () 1 84. As of	today, is either of your parent	s a Yes 🔿 1		

For Help —	1-800-433-3243

See Notes page 2.

were they eligible to file a 1040A or 1040EZ?

No () 2

Don't know 🔘 3

dislocated worker? See Notes page 9.

Step Four CONTINUED on page 7

Don't know 🔘 3

No () 2

Step Four CONTINUED from page 6

For questions 85–94, if the answer is zero or the question does not apply, enter 0. Report whole dollar amounts with no center of the second s	S.
85. What was your parents' adjusted gross income for 2013? Adjusted gross income is on IRS Form 1040—line 37; 1040A—line 21; or 1040EZ—line 4.	\$
86. Enter your parents' income tax for 2013. Income tax amount is on IRS Form 1040—line 55; 1040A—line 35; or 1040EZ—line 10.	\$
87. Enter your parents' exemptions for 2013. Exemptions are on IRS Form 1040—line 6d or on Form 1040A—line 6d. For Form 1040EZ, see Notes page 2 .	
Questions 88 and 89 ask about earnings (wages, salaries, tips, etc.) in 2013. Answer the questions whether or not a tax return was filed. This forms, or on IRS Form 1040—lines 7 + 12 + 18 + Box 14 (Code A) of IRS Schedule K-1 (Form 1065); on 1040A—line 7; or on 1040EZ—line 1. negative, do not include that item in your calculation.	
88. How much did Parent 1 (father/mother/stepparent) earn from working in 2013?	\$
89. How much did Parent 2 (father/mother/stepparent) earn from working in 2013?	\$
90. As of today, what is your parents' total current balance of cash, savings and checking accounts?	\$
91. As of today, what is the net worth of your parents' investments, including real estate? Don't include the home in which your parents live. Net worth means current value minus debt. See Notes page 2.	\$
92. As of today, what is the net worth of your parents' current businesses and/or investment farms? Don't include a family farm or family business with 100 or fewer full-time or full-time equivalent employees. See Notes page 2 .	\$
93. Parents' 2013 Additional Financial Information (Enter the amounts for your parent[s].)	
a. Education credits (American Opportunity Tax Credit and Lifetime Learning Tax Credit) from IRS Form 1040—line 49 or 1040A—line 31.	
b. Child support paid because of divorce or separation or as a result of a legal requirement. Don't include support for children in your parents' household, as reported in question 73.	\$
c. Your parents' taxable earnings from need-based employment programs, such as Federal Work-Study and need-based employment portions of fellowships and assistantships.	\$
d. Your parents' taxable student grant and scholarship aid reported to the IRS in your parents' adjusted gross income . Includes AmeriCorps benefits (awards, living allowances and interest accrual payments), as well as grant and scholarship portions of fellowships and assistantships.	
e. Combat pay or special combat pay. Only enter the amount that was taxable and included in your parents' adjusted gross income. Do not enter untaxed combat pay.	\$
f. Earnings from work under a cooperative education program offered by a college.	\$
94. Parents' 2013 Untaxed Income (Enter the amounts for your parent[s].)	
 a. Payments to tax-deferred pension and retirement savings plans (paid directly or withheld from earnings), including, but not limited to, amounts reported on the W-2 forms in Boxes 12a through 12d, codes D, E, F, G, H and S. Don't include amounts reported in code DD (employer contributions toward employee health benefits). 	\$
 b. IRA deductions and payments to self-employed SEP, SIMPLE, Keogh and other qualified plans from IRS Form 1040—line 28 + line 32 or 1040A—line 17. 	\$
c. Child support received for any of your parents' children. Don't include foster care or adoption payments.	\$
d. Tax exempt interest income from IRS Form 1040—line 8b or 1040A—line 8b.	\$
e. Untaxed portions of IRA distributions from IRS Form 1040—lines (15a minus 15b) or 1040A—lines (11a minus 11b). Exclude rollovers. If negative, enter a zero here.	\$
f. Untaxed portions of pensions from IRS Form 1040—lines (16a minus 16b) or 1040A—lines (12a minus 12b). Exclude rollovers. If negative, enter a zero here.	\$
g. Housing, food and other living allowances paid to members of the military, clergy and others (including cash payments and cash value of benefits). Don't include the value of on-base military housing or the value of a basic military allowance for housing.	\$
h. Veterans noneducation benefits, such as Disability, Death Pension, or Dependency & Indemnity Compensation (DIC) and/or VA Educational Work-Study allowances.	\$
i. Other untaxed income not reported in items 94a through 94h, such as workers' compensation, disability, etc. Also include the untaxed portions of health savings accounts from IRS Form 1040—line 25. Don't include extended foster care benefits, student aid, earned income credit, additional child tax credit, welfare payments, untaxed Social Security benefits, Supplemental Security Income, Workforce Investment Act educational benefits, on-base military housing or a military housing allowance, combat pay, benefits from flexible spending arrangements (e.g., cafeteria plans), foreign income exclusion or credit for federal tax on special fuels.	

	Step Five (Student): Complete this step only if you (the student) answered "Yes" to any questions in Step Th	ree.			
	 95. How many people are in your household? Include: yourself (and your spouse), your children, if you will provide more than half of their support between July 1, 2014 and June 30, 2015, and other people if they now live with you, you provide more than half of their support and you will continue to provide more than half of their support between July 1, 2014 and June 30, 2015, and 				
96. How many people in your (and your spouse's) household (from question 95) will be college students between July 1, 2014 and June 30, 2015? Always count yourself as a college student. Include others only if they will attend, at least half-time in 2014-2015, a program that leads to a college degree or certificate.					
In 2012 or 2013, did you (or your spouse) or anyone in your household (from question 95) receive benefits from any of the federal programs Mark all that apply. Answering these questions will not reduce eligibility for student aid or these programs. TANF may have a different name in your stat 1-800-4-FED-AID to find out the name of the state's program.					
	97. Supplemental Security98. Supplemental Nutrition Assistance99. Free or Reduced100. Temporary Assistance 	men, Infants, (

Step Six (Student): Indicate which colleges you want to receive your FAFSA information.

102. As of today, are you (or your spouse) a dislocated worker? See Notes page 9.

Enter the six-digit federal school code and your housing plans. You can find the school codes at www.fafsa.gov or by calling 1-800-4-FED-AID. If you cannot obtain the code, write in the complete name, address, city and state of the college. For state aid, you may wish to list your preferred college first. To find out how to have more colleges receive your FAFSA information, read *What is the FAFSA?* on page 10.

Yes \bigcirc 1

104. Date this form was completed

DAY

105. Student (Sign below)

2014

or

MONTH

No () 2

Don't know 🔘 3

HOUSING PLANS

2015 (

	1st Federal School code				STATE	HOUSING P	LANS
103.a	IST FEDERAL SCHOOL CODE	OR	NAME OF COLLEGE		STATE	103.b on campus	
		On	ADDRESS AND CITY			with parent off campus	$\bigcirc 2$
	2ND FEDERAL SCHOOL CODE				STATE	on campus	O ₃
103.c	ZND FEDERAL SCHOOL CODE		NAME OF COLLEGE			103.d on campus	0 1
		OR	ADDRESS			with parent	2
			AND CITY			off campus	Ó₃
	3rd FEDERAL SCHOOL CODE		NAME OF	[STATE	102 f	\sim
103.e		OR	COLLEGE			103.f on campus	$\bigcup_{n \to \infty} 1$
		Οn	ADDRESS			with parent	○ 2
	<u> </u>		AND CITY			off campus	3
103.g	4TH FEDERAL SCHOOL CODE		NAME OF		STATE	103.h on campus	\bigcap 1
105. y		OR	COLLEGE				\mathbf{i}
			ADDRESS AND CITY			with parent	$\bigcirc 2$
						off campus	() ₃

Step Seven (Student and Parent): Read, sign and date.

If you are the student, by signing this application you certify that you (1) will use federal and/or

state student financial aid only to pay the cost of attending an institution of higher education, (2)

are not in default on a federal student loan or have made satisfactory arrangements to repay it, (3) do not owe money back on a federal student grant or have made satisfactory arrangements to

repay it, (4) will notify your college if you default on a federal student loan and (5) will not receive a

If you are the parent or the student, by signing this application you certify that all of the information

you provided is true and complete to the best of your knowledge and you agree, if asked, to provide information that will verify the accuracy of your completed form. This information may

Federal Pell Grant from more than one college for the same period of time.

include U.S. or state income tax forms that you filed or are understand that the Secretary of Education has the au on this application with the Internal Revenue Serv sign any document related to the federal student aid p identification number (PIN), you certify that you are the p disclosed that PIN to anyone else. If you purposely give be fined up to \$20,000, sent to prison, or both.	uthority to verify information reported ice and other federal agencies . If you programs electronically using a personal person identified by the PIN and have not	Parent (A parent from Step Four sign below.)
fill out this form or to advise you on how to fill it out, that person must complete this part. Preparer's name, firm and address 107.	Preparer's Social Security Number (or 107)	COLLEGE USE ONLY FEDERAL SCHOOL CODE D/O 1 Homeless 4 Youth 4 Determination 4 FAA Signature 1 DATA ENTRY P * L E

Notes for question 53 (page 5)

Answer "Yes" if at any time since you turned age 13:

- You had no living parent (biological or adoptive), even if you are now adopted; or
- You were in foster care, even if you are no longer in foster care today; or
- You were a dependent or ward of the court, even if you are no longer a dependent or ward of the court today. For federal student aid purposes, someone who is incarcerated is not considered a ward of the court.

The financial aid administrator at your school may require you to provide proof that you were in foster care or a dependent or ward of the court.

Notes for questions 54 and 55 (page 5)

The definition of legal guardianship does not include your parents, even if they were appointed by a court to be your guardians. You are also not considered a legal guardian of yourself.

Answer "**Yes**" if you can provide a copy of a court's decision that as of today you are an emancipated minor or are in legal guardianship. Also answer "**Yes**" if you can provide a copy of a court's decision that you were an emancipated minor or were in legal guardianship immediately before you reached the age of being an adult in your state. The court must be located in your state of legal residence at the time the court's decision was issued.

Answer "**No**" if you are still a minor and the court decision is no longer in effect or the court decision was not in effect at the time you became an adult.

The financial aid administrator at your college may require you to provide proof that you were an emancipated minor or in legal guardianship.

Notes for questions 56–58 (page 5)

Answer "**Yes**" if you received a determination at any time on or after July 1, 2013, that you were an unaccompanied youth who was homeless or at risk of being homeless.

- "Homeless" means lacking fixed, regular and adequate housing. You
 may be homeless if you are living in shelters, parks, motels or cars, or
 are temporarily living with other people because you have nowhere
 else to go. Also, if you are living in any of these situations and fleeing
 an abusive parent you may be considered homeless even if your
 parent would provide support and a place to live.
- "Unaccompanied" means you are not living in the physical custody of your parent or guardian.
- "Youth" means you are 21 years of age or younger or you are still enrolled in high school as of the day you sign this application.

Answer "**No**" if you are not homeless or at risk of being homeless, or do not have a determination. You should contact your financial aid office for assistance if you do not have a determination but believe you are an unaccompanied youth who is homeless or are an unaccompanied youth providing for your own living expenses who is at risk of being homeless.

The financial aid administrator at your college may require you to provide a copy of the determination if you answered "**Yes**" to any of these questions.

Notes for students unable to provide parental information on pages 6 and 7

Under very limited circumstances (for example, your parents are incarcerated; you have left home due to an abusive family environment; or you do not know where your parents are and are unable to contact them), you may be able to submit your FAFSA without parental information. **If you are unable to provide parental information**, skip Steps Four and Five, and go to Step Six. Once you submit your FAFSA without parental data, **you must follow up with the financial aid office at the college you plan to attend**, in order to complete your FAFSA.

Notes for Step Four, questions 59–94 (pages 6 and 7)

Review all instructions below to determine who is considered a parent on this form:

- If your parent was never married and does not live with your other legal parent, or if your parent is widowed or not remarried, answer the questions about that parent.
- If your legal parents (biological and/or adoptive) are not married to each other and **live together**, select "Unmarried and both parents living together" and provide information about both of them regardless of their gender. Do not include any person who is not married to your parent and who is not a legal or biological parent. Contact 1-800-4-FED-AID for assistance in completing questions 80-94.
- If your parents are married, select "Married or remarried." Consistent with the Supreme Court decision holding Section 3 of the Defense of Marriage Act (DOMA) unconstitutional, same-sex couples must report their marital status as married if they were legally married in a state or other jurisdiction (foreign country) that permits same-sex marriage, without regard to where the couple resides. If your legal parents are divorced but living together, select "Unmarried and both parents living together." If your legal parents are separated but living together, select "Married or remarried," not "Divorced or separated."
- If your parents are divorced or separated, answer the questions about the parent you lived with more during the past 12 months. (If you did not live with one parent more than the other, give answers about the parent who provided more financial support during the past 12 months or during the most recent year that you actually received support from a parent.) If this parent is remarried as of today, answer the questions about that parent and your stepparent.
- If your widowed parent is remarried as of today, answer the questions about that parent and your stepparent.

Notes for questions 84 (page 6) and 102 (page 8)

In general, a person may be considered a dislocated worker if he or she:

- is receiving unemployment benefits due to being laid off or losing a job and is unlikely to return to a previous occupation;
- has been laid off or received a lay-off notice from a job;
- was self-employed but is now unemployed due to economic conditions or natural disaster; or
- is a displaced homemaker. A displaced homemaker is generally a
 person who previously provided unpaid services to the family (e.g., a
 stay-at-home mom or dad), is no longer supported by the husband or
 wife, is unemployed or underemployed, and is having trouble finding
 or upgrading employment.

If a person quits work, generally he or she is not considered a dislocated worker even if, for example, the person is receiving unemployment benefits.

Answer "**Yes**" to question 84 if your parent is a dislocated worker. Answer "**Yes**" to question 102 if you or your spouse is a dislocated worker.

Answer "**No**" to question 84 if your parent is not a dislocated worker. Answer "**No**" to question 102 if neither you nor your spouse is a dislocated worker.

Answer "**Don't know**" to question 84 if you are not sure whether your parent is a dislocated worker. Answer "**Don't know**" to question 102 if you are not sure whether you or your spouse is a dislocated worker. You can contact your financial aid office for assistance in answering these questions.

The financial aid administrator at your college may require you to provide proof that your parent is a dislocated worker, if you answered "**Yes**" to question 84, or that you or your spouse is a dislocated worker, if you answered "**Yes**" to question 102.

What is the FAFSA"?

Why fill out a FAFSA?

The *Free Application for Federal Student Aid* (FAFSA) is the first step in the financial aid process. You use the FAFSA to apply for federal student aid, such as grants, loans and work-study. In addition, most states and colleges use information from the FAFSA to award nonfederal aid.

Why all the questions?

The questions on the FAFSA are required to calculate your Expected Family Contribution (EFC). The EFC measures your family's financial strength and is used to determine your eligibility for federal student aid. Your state and the colleges you list may also use some of your responses. They will determine if you may be eligible for school or state aid, in addition to federal aid.

How do I find out what my Expected Family Contribution (EFC) is?

Your EFC will be listed on your *Student Aid Report* (SAR). Your SAR summarizes the information you submitted on your FAFSA. It is important to review your SAR to make sure all of your information is correct and complete. Make corrections or provide additional information, as necessary.

How much aid will I receive?

Using the information on your FAFSA and your EFC, the financial aid office at your college will determine the amount of aid you will receive. The college will use your EFC to prepare a financial aid package to help you meet your financial need. Financial need is the difference between your EFC and your college's cost of attendance (which can include living expenses), as determined by the college. If you or your family have unusual circumstances that should be taken into account, contact your college's financial aid office. Some examples of unusual circumstances are: unusual medical or dental expenses or a large change in income from last year to this year.

When will I receive the aid?

Any financial aid you are eligible to receive will be paid to you through your college. Typically, your college will first use the aid to pay tuition, fees and room and board (if provided by the college). Any remaining aid is paid to you for your other educational expenses. If you are eligible for a Federal Pell Grant, you may receive it from only one college for the same period of enrollment.

How can I have more colleges receive my FAFSA information?

If you are completing a paper FAFSA, you can only list four colleges in the school code step. You may add more colleges by doing one of the following:

- 1. Use the Federal Student Aid PIN you will receive after your FAFSA has been processed and go to *FAFSA on the Web* at **www.fafsa.gov**. Click the "Login" button on the home page to log in to *FAFSA on the Web*, then click "Make FAFSA Corrections."
- 2. Use the Student Aid Report (SAR), which you will receive after your FAFSA is processed. Your Data Release Number (DRN) verifies your identity and will be listed on the first page of your SAR. You can call 1-800-4-FED-AID and provide your DRN to a customer service representative, who will add more school codes for you.
- 3. Provide your DRN to the financial aid administrator at the college you want added, and he or she can add their school code to your FAFSA.

Note: Your FAFSA record can only list up to ten school codes. If there are ten school codes on your record, any new school codes that you add will replace one or more of the school codes listed.

Where can I receive more information on student aid?

The best place for information about student financial aid is the financial aid office at the college you plan to attend. The financial aid administrator can tell you about student aid available from your state, the college itself and other sources.

- You can also visit our web site **StudentAid.gov**.
- For information by phone you can call our Federal Student Aid Information Center at 1-800-4-FED-AID (1-800-433-3243). TTY users (for the hearing impaired) may call 1-800-730-8913.
- You can also check with your high school counselor, your state aid agency
 or your local library's reference section.

Information about other nonfederal assistance may be available from foundations, religious organizations, community organizations and civic groups, as well as organizations related to your field of interest, such as the American Medical Association or American Bar Association. Check with your parents' employers or unions to see if they award scholarships or have tuition payment plans.

Information on the Privacy Act and use of your Social Security Number

We use the information that you provide on this form to determine if you are eligible to receive federal student financial aid and the amount that you are eligible to receive. Sections 483 and 484 of the Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended, give us the authority to ask you and your parents these questions, and to collect the Social Security Numbers of you and your parents. We use your Social Security Number to verify your identity and retrieve your records, and we may request your Social Security Number again for those purposes.

State and institutional student financial aid programs may also use the information that you provide on this form to determine if you are eligible to receive state and institutional aid and the need that you have for such aid. Therefore, we will disclose the information that you provide on this form to each institution you list in questions 103a - 103h, state agencies in your state of legal residence and the state agencies of the states in which the colleges that you list in questions 103a - 103h are located.

If you are applying solely for federal aid, you must answer all of the following questions that apply to you: 1-9, 14-16, 18, 21-23, 26, 28-29, 32-37, 39-59, 61-68, 70, 73-86, 88-102, 104-105. If you do not answer these questions, you will not receive federal aid.

Without your consent, we may disclose information that you provide to entities under a published "routine use." Under such a routine use, we may disclose information to third parties that we have authorized to assist us in administering the above programs; to other federal agencies under computer matching programs, such as those with the Internal Revenue Service, Social Security Administration, Selective Service System, Department of Homeland Security, Department of Justice and Veterans Affairs; to your parents or spouse; and to members of Congress if you ask them to help you with student aid questions.

If the federal government, the U.S. Department of Education, or an employee of the U.S. Department of Education is involved in litigation, we may send information to the Department of Justice, or a court or adjudicative body, if the disclosure is related to financial aid and certain conditions are met. In addition, we may send your information to a foreign, federal, state, or local enforcement agency if the information that you submitted indicates a violation or potential violation of law, for which that agency has jurisdiction for investigation or prosecution. Finally, we may send information regarding a claim that is determined to be valid and overdue to a consumer reporting agency. This information includes identifiers from the record; the amount, status and history of the claim; and the program under which the claim arose.

State Certification

By submitting this application, you are giving your state financial aid agency permission to verify any statement on this form and to obtain income tax information for all persons required to report income on this form.

The Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995

According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless such collection displays a valid OMB control number, which for this form is 1845-0001. Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average three hours per response, including time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. The obligation to respond to this collection is voluntary. Send comments regarding the burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to the Federal Student Aid Information Center, P.O. Box 84, Washington, D.C. 20044. Please do not return the completed FAFSA to this address.

We may request additional information from you to process your application more efficiently. We will collect this additional information only as needed and on a voluntary basis.